"NOTE Predestination Introduction--read list of passages teaching it. Cond. Let but he m In have for the 0_ I. Theological import of the central passage, Rom 9, Spal 50 m 1602 1 + 2-9.15 1. God's elective purpose is not based upon natural generation, 6-9. STANDARD All the descendants of Abr not elect -- only promised seed in Isaac, \$. 2. God's choice is not based on human merit, 10-13. Choice between Esau and Jacob before birth and chance to do anything. Based solely on sovereign purpose and call, 11. 3. The choice of God is related to His mercy, 14-18. If Her were not merciful He could not have loved Jacob. If God's choice based on knowing how kids would turn out should have chosen Esau, bec Jacob didn't turn out very well. 4. God's elective purpose is related to His omnipotence, 19-29. Does man have the widdom to question God, 20? Does creator hage power over creature, 21? If God couldn't have retreated into His sovereignty, no man would ever be saved. Ext 1- 1. Pretengend, # 2. Imore time, # 3. Started ittegrad planar 5,9,11 II. Terms involved. H. Inothe all Tanjo. 11 5. Program is the glag, 6, 12, 14 It MI Things concern thin, Then They ought to concern me. 1. Omniscience. Knowledge of all things actual and possible, Mt 11:21. 2. Foreknowledge. Prior knowledge of all things actual. Rom 8:29; 11:2; Acts 26:5; I Pet 1:20. Word includes idea of conscious relationship. 28.53.17 Justin 9.6 Rom 11.2 33. Foreordination. Pre-planning of all events. Separated from foreknowledge only in theological terminology. Actually foreknow includes idea of foreordaining bec of relationship bet subject and obejct. 4. Predestination. Preplanning of destiny. In Bible limited to destiny of elect, but word can be used of destiny of non-elect as well. 5. Retribution. Deserved punishment. / March 6. Election. God's act of choosing a people. Election the act, predestin ation the result. 7. Preterition. To pass by. Softer term used in relation to non-elect. 9. Free (noted e.g. Marker contert of Chan Bay tothe, let alme III. Nature of Decree of God. 1. There is only 1 decree of God. Only divided by men for convenience. Purposing of God all at once as a whole. 2. The decree did not arise from the foreknowledge of God (as foreknowledge

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usually understood). a. Arises from God's omniscience. Knew all possible plans, chose 1, and whole plan chosen was rendered certain by the choosing.