

K. Barth & Authority

Intr. At root of problems of age. Civilized. Morality.

I. The Biblical Teaching on Authority.

A. Concept of Authority & Biblical Terminology.

$\in \Sigma \text{ουσία}$ = freedom & power to command & enforce
obedience & to have possession, rule, dominion.

Def. Right or power to determine belief & action & to
command compliance to them.

B. Expressions of Authority. Imperial. Delegated.

Stipulated. Religious authority.

C. The Prob. of Authority & Competing Viewpoints.

1. Rel. Liberalism. That which can be verified by scientific
method is authoritative. → Rel. exp. is authoritative. Rational
analysis & relevance are tests of doctrinal authority.
 \therefore Trinity not authoritative. = Rationalism.

2. R. C. God is final authority in rel. belief. (True). But
this authority is expressed in Books & tradition as interpreted
by church. B. says it is this "and" that keeps him from
joining RC. Where is this tradition? Maybin Migne's
Patrology (397 volumes of teaching of fathers). Only 12 vss have
been infallibly interpreted by Pope in 1900 yrs. Some say only 4 vss.
Tradition has destroyed boundaries of revelation.

Ch. is authority. Thomas Aquinas is the norm.

3. Neoorthodoxy. God is sole authority & he expresses it in
revelation, & rev. is personal, not propositional. God affirms
himself, not truth about God. Evangelists often say
similar - "not interested in doctrine, but relationship with God."

Truth is encounter. Bible is witness to rev. & has relative authority. Combination of mysticism + objectivism.

4. Orthodox Orthodoxy. Authority in ^{Trinity} God as revealed finally & completely (but not only) in J.C. & known thru the invariant Bible & internal testimony of HS.

Hab. 1:1-2. Act 28:25. Eph 6:17. 1 Jn 5:7-13.

a. Authority is [a correlate of] word.
 { grounded in }

b. Authority & infallibility are related.
 (material) (formal aspect of truth)

c. Authority is personal. Person in HS. as speaks in Scriptures & testifies internally to us.

d. Authority is true.

e. " " imperial. God stands behind.

II. The Developing Pattern of Authority.

A. Authority of J.C. Lk 3:15. Mt 12:6, 8, 41, 42, Jn 14:6. Mt 9:18. Jn 5:39-47; 9:34. No ^{authorised} scribe ever professed his remarks with ^{any} authority. 304 Mt. 13 x 10th C x Lk 25+ Jn.

B. Authority of Apostles Jn 17:18; 20:21; 2 Cor 12:12; 13:3, 2 Pet 3:2. 1 Cor 14:37. Acts 1:21-2. He 2:3-4.

C. A. of NT. Jn 16:12-15

III. Barthian Teaching on Authority

A. B's starting point. Bible has authority in ch.
Oldest historical document. Ch encounters Word &
Acc. rev. from it. Bible is authoritative & traceable
to voice of God in them.

B. B on Bible & Authority.

Word of God distinct from Book. ^{Faithful} Bible becomes
vehicle of infallible speaking of God in encounter.
How can this be? B says it just happens.
Authority is real in spite of defective medium.
How can encounter take place without communication of truth.
At least you'd say - he is a person & that's a
propositional truth.

C. Critique

1. Divine authority cannot be effectively confirmed
with a fallible Bible. Cannot distinguish bet.
What God says & what Script says.
2. Divine revel. Which cannot be called truth
cannot be truly authoritative. If rev. is
not propositional we cannot talk. Even the
phrase non-propositional may not be true.

K. Barth & The Knowledge of God or K. B's Natural Theology

His opponents say we don't need to study him bcz. he has repudiated nat'l Thol. Nat'l Thol. is attempt to work out doct. of God without special rev. of God in X. Can do philosophicaly (as Descartes, Spinoza) or as a Thomist (arguing th 1st cause from nature) or as Tillich (ultimate concern = rel. in God).

Def. Nat'l is easy formulation of a system where subject differs from rev. in Jl. & where method differ from exposition of Script. i.e. to discern God by a method which is not exposition of Script.

B. reject bcz (1) God has revealed self solely in X
(2) arg. of nat'l Thol. never brings us to encounter living God.

I. Barth & Brunner.

Brunner A. The Image of God. Brunner accused B of teaching image completely destroyed by sin. He said formal aspect of image not destroyed (what distinguishes man from beast) but material aspect was lost (righteousness). Brunner did not say man profound know. of God. " didn't say any thing more than B. said"

Ref. Thol. says not all lost - can reason, but in spiritual matters his thinking is warped.

B. That image of God in maleness & femaleness of God.

B. General Rev.

Brunner criticized B. for saying no rev. of God in nature. Lorraine (1918) gave this impression).

Criticism just. justified.

c. Point of Contact. B denies any point of contact bet. belief & evidence. II, I, 30-1. But not a presupposition about. Original position holds statements meaningless unless subject to sensory verification. How do you verify that verification principle?

There is an inner inconsistency in linguistic analysis phil. Shows inner inconsistency & then consistency of Xth system. Clark more knowledgeable than Van Til.

Brunner lost arg. with B. Has pointed out a weakness. Failed to integrate Rom 1 into system. SL

II Proof for existence of God.

B + B denied legitimacy of any rational proof for exist of God.

A. Causal Arg. See Colin Brown

B. Ontological Arg. G Clark (K. B's Third Model)

C. The Proof from Rev.

Can't begin by asking if God can be known & then look for proofs. Assume He can be known (=Van Til)

Object you are investigating is presupposed as in any science.

You let the object tell you what it is like in science & in theo. too. Method is a method the object dictates to you.

III. Nat'l Thnk + Gen Rev.

A. B. on Gen. Rev. B's earlier position that God resists self Their word is being acc. to Psalms Rom² etc.
 Do have to do with gen rev. B. later said There is an objective rev. of God in nature. Gentiles have always had opp. of knowing God. Says Rom 1:18-32 has to do with Gentiles who have had gospel preached to them. Otherwise, he says, it would contradict 1 Cor 2:14. Rom 1 makes man inconsolable. Can't coexist w/ l'k'ble theol.

B. P on Gen. Rev.

notitia	Knowledge & facts	- Rom 1 has this
assensus	conviction of truth, assent.	
judicium	+ mat	

K. Barth & Creation

Intro - Subj. 2300 pg in Dog. 4 vols. in Dogmatics.

Same Bi methodology. Everything centered in Xc Xtoianism.

SLJ Thinks not fair charge bcc. There are other things in his
work. & he grounds his Theol in Trinitarian God This works out
as Xtoianism.

Creation is related to election.

I. The Work of Creation (vol II) Part I)

A. Covenant & Creation

Form of Saya. Really happened but lacks normal description.

NOT myth. For B only care of grace = corr. (Heppar's Theology)

With mankind (not behavior). Cor is the internal basis of creation
& creation is external basis of cor. (God of creation)

Creation sets stage on which Red. is played. Everything subordinated
to what God is doing there.

B. The Creation Narratives (1:1-2:3 and 2:4ff.)

SLJ has no objection to an Edenic Cor. - a cor. of works. Hob.

Historical but expressed in story. "The history of creation
is non-historical." "It is pre-historical history."

II The Creature.

A. X & Adam. In X we see true man. In X man is elected of
God. Image of God is a relationship to God & is lost
in fall. Reforms that of it as a state of righteousness
& was lost in fall. (Man not created innocent bcc.
he had a will & that was directed toward God before fall - so)

B. denies historicity of Adam. Adam means man.

He denies Paradise - (Eden). Denies that Adam possessed
an original righteousness. Denies orig. sin is inherited.
Little place for real fall.

B. Xa Human Nature.

Our human nature is to be inferred from His:
Dirt look at Adam but K. & sinless

III. The Creator & His Creature

A. The Providence of God

B. The Problem of God & Nothingness (das nichtigste) = nihil.

~~Because~~ The nihil is Threat to God. & evil.

It exists as a ~~good~~ inimical possibility in virtue of the Divine nonvolition. When think of good creation of God Then you have pointed the opposite.

IV The Command of God The Creator (Ethics)

Does not bel. in existence of devours. set not some if ~~Reich~~
bel. in Satan

K. Barth & Election

Impt fr B. - 500 pg. Connected with universalism.

Doct. of election leaves B open to universalism,
weaken NT emphasis on need for faith.

I. Features of B's doct of elect.

A. Rejects idea of a decretum absolutionis b/c. it views God apart of X. Rather God a hidden, not revealed, god.
Places action in eternity, not in rel. to X. See B's
X-tianism. JC is the electing God & the elected man.

B. Differ from whole reformed tradition & subjects doct of elect
to his X-tianism. Eph 1:4 is chief text.

SLT - Ηπογέννωση = function in sense of intimate choice.

function = purposeful choice

B misses point that decree is a loving action. 1 Th 1:4
1 Th 2:13. Eph 1:5 Decree shouldn't be studied
spiritually, not in connection with love & that bespeaks
grace.

B. Election is in X. (① JC is the electing God + ② JC
is in elect man. (b/c. willing to be redeemer
& instrument of man's election))

If JC were not electing God we would have to look elsewhere
for electing Person v. II Pt. II p105'

& would go back to absolute decree of God. What Script
supports ①? NT says Father elects. But see Jn 13:18.
but This refers to election to the apostolate, not sel.
of 6:70. B's case is weak for X as electing one.

② B. has case here - X is elected man.

This is his diff. interpretation of Paul.

Eph 1:4 says we are chosen, not X,
23:35

Jn 17:24. Lk 9:35 used to support B's Thesis.

C. B. accepts a form of double predestination.

But & Calvin. JC is God's NO of reprobation (jargon!)

God elected JC for reprobation to bear damnation & death. So double pres is \ominus of men to X to rec. life & \oplus of JC to suffer & die.

D. B & Universalism.

- (1) God's eternal will is 2-fold. It contains a yes & a no.
- (2) By virtue of God's choice, reprobation is an objective possibility. Substitution of X can be denied but not undone.
- (3) Yet not all are saved. Wrong to see a definite no. of elect & wrong to say everybody elect. p423
- (4) Ch is not to push on "restoration" but on supremacy of grace - How can you do this.
- (5) Grace is free & is extended to all. Unlimited atonement
- (6) We ultimately come to mystery. There is a shadow side to election. Reprobation exists as a possibility but we cannot really know. It leaves self open to charge of universalism b/c of dat. of election.
- (7) Election of Those in Him. Consists concretely in their faith in Him. In B. Judas demonstrates the intent of reprobation. His in garden is The Thankfulness of lost humanity to JC. This makes 48 pgs. to execute! p502.

I. Introduction

Word as preached, Word as written, Word as revealed.

Word is the real Word.

1. B's view of the nature of word. What is revealed when we say Word of God is revealed. God Himself, not truths.

Personal encounter. Doctrine minimized. Really no encounter unless there issue from it verbal statements. Neither speaks of Barth as a bibliotekar.

2. B's view of the method of word. It is in acts of God in hist., nature, conscience. Jn 1:14 - God reveals by incarnation. How do you know it's an act of God in hist.

You already have interpreted! Witness is in record of events & subject to Bib. criticism. In practice B. seems to hold the Bible can be treated.

2 aspects - objective act & subjective appropriation of it.
Confirms revel + illum.

II. B's View of Scripture

1. Authors of Script were holy men. Vol. P. 2. But only in exercise of function of writing Script.

2. Script. Contains Word of God. Witness to Word of God, yet Word of God is in Script. ~ Calvin's view of Lord Supper.

3. Script has ultimate authority. Over other writings.
- Fathers, tradition 2 Tim 3:14-17 2 Pet 1:21.

4. Script is an imperfect witness. I. II, 507.

Bright has "capacity for error" 508. He cannot answer how he distinguishes bet. fallible + infallible sections.

p.512 "At every point it is the vulnerable word of man."
B. written by sinful men. B. says The analogy of
X is inapplicable. If we are to have a true
incarnation Jesus must have a ~~sinful~~^{fallen} nature, but he was
sinless. Law of contradiction. Still could ask B.
Why Bible can't be invariant. Torrance says ^{what} we take says about
invariant word so is like RL doct. immaculate conception.

5. Script doct of inspiration involves reveal, witness to reveal,
& reception by heart. i.e. B. is doct of inspiration
which reveals & illum.
6. "Word of God" in Script cannot be distinguished
from the word. We don't have to try to distinguish
witness from revelatory word - p.531
7. God works thru specific texts of Script.
B. accepts doct. of verbal inspiration. God speaks
thru every word of Script. But he contrasts
it with false concept of verbal insipience
- The view of 16th & 17th Cent. This is static.
Borthmann says they have true Reformed doctrine

SLJ says B. not a systematic thinker but an
original thinker. His background was more
historical Theol, not good exegesis.

K. Bush & Reconciliation

5 vols of B. 285th pg.

I. Structure of B's doct. A. J.C the Priest.

Prophet. Priest & King was somewhat original with Calvin.

In B. X in Priestly office is the God who became a servant to perform the work of reconciliation. But not penal satisfaction. "Overcome sin" but "how" is unclear. Why God became man? He took on place as judge, as the judged, & he was judged in our place & he acted justly in our place. p 273 Vol IV Pt I.

B J C the King. Servant who became head

C. " " Prophet. Grantor & witness of the reconciliation.

Indication is what God has done (pastoral) + Impatation (what we are to do) (practical)

II Characteristics Features of B's doct of Reconciliation:

A. Rd. of Rec. to Sin + Creation. Broadly rec. follows, but in B. it proceeds b/c of idea of pre-temporal covenant. Developed theologically, not historically. Thus B a syncretization.

B. Rejection of Division bet. Person & work of X.

C. Novel Representation of 2 Natures to 2 States of X.

State of humiliation not followed by exaltation but 2 forms of 1 reconciliatory work of X. Therefore life X one hum. & exaltation & states & natures related.

D. Distinction bet. Obj & Subj. aspects of
Reconciling work. Objectively all men are ^{just., sanct.} called
by J.C. This is de jure. Becomes ours de facto

when this relationship is apprehended by perception + acceptance
But covenant for B is with all mankind.

E. Distinction bet. 3 forms of sin. (Forced Relation to Trinity)

III. Critique.

A. B's Use of Term rec. If man is rec. Then stand cor. apart from sin, is this recov.

B. B + The atonement. Not punishment of sin or satisfaction of wrath of God. "X overcame sin". Reject penal. More recapitulation idea. Rejects Annihilation.

C. B + Judgment. JC has become judge & all ~~were~~. This B not willing to be called inconsistent.

D. B + Faith. Sinned on those who have awakened to the fact of their fragility. Faith is worthy basis for B (in man's understanding). (John Brown pp 136-7) Exemption is telling men that all are elected & should respond. B on Bible & authority. Distinguishes kind of god & babb. S. Prov. & N. Prov. supporting immorality.