

WHAT PAUL'S CONVERSION MEANT.
ACTS Ch.9.

1. IT MEANT THAT CHRIST HAD RISEN.

2. THAT HIS RESURRECTION PROVED THE CLAIM TO MESSIAHSHIP.

3. HIS MESSIAHSHIP SHOWED THE SIGNIFICANCE AND*THE VALUE OF HIS DEATH.

- a. As a propitiation for sins.
- b. Reconciliation of man and God.
- c. Redemption from all the ills of life. And eventual death.

4. THIS SALVATION---SECURED FOR EVERY MAN WHAT THE LAW COULD NOT OFFER.

- a. Law could not save from sin.
- b. Christ's salvation accomplished what the law could not do.
- c. It thus superseded the law.

5.

5. THRU FAITH**WE ARE UNITED IN CLOSEST UNION WITH CHRIST.

- a. Sharing His life in the Spirit.
- b. Law is no longer necessary.
- c. It had already proved its inefficiency in securing holy living.

6. THIS DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTIC OF JUDAISM WAS ABOLISHED. THEREFORE:-

- a. The distinction between Jew & Greek was gone
- b. The Gentile needed the Gospel as well as the Jew.
- c. He was equally capable of exercising faith that secured it.